



Spec. No.	PS-ND-0807
Rev.	A

Model No : CSS-2314G/2315G

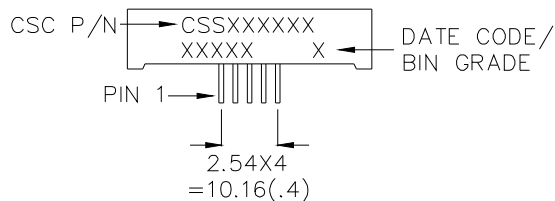
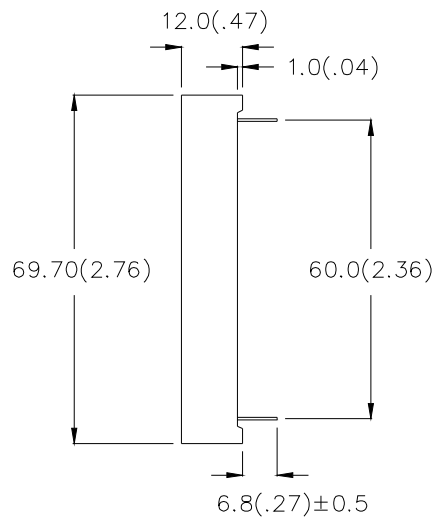
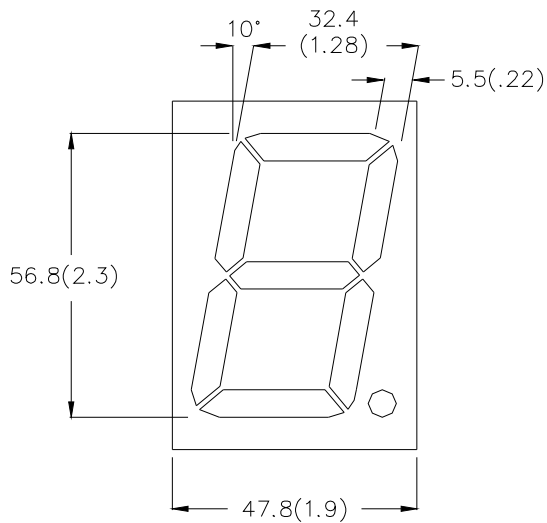
■ Features -

1. 2.30 inch (56.8mm) digit height.
2. Case mold type.
3. Low power consumption.
4. Low power consumption.
5. Easy mounting on P.C. board or socket.

■ Device Selection Guide -

Part No.	Chip		Description
	Material	Emitted Color	
CSS-2314G	GaP	Yellow Green	Common Anode
CSS-2315G	GaP	Yellow Green	Common Cathode

■ Mechanical Dimensions -



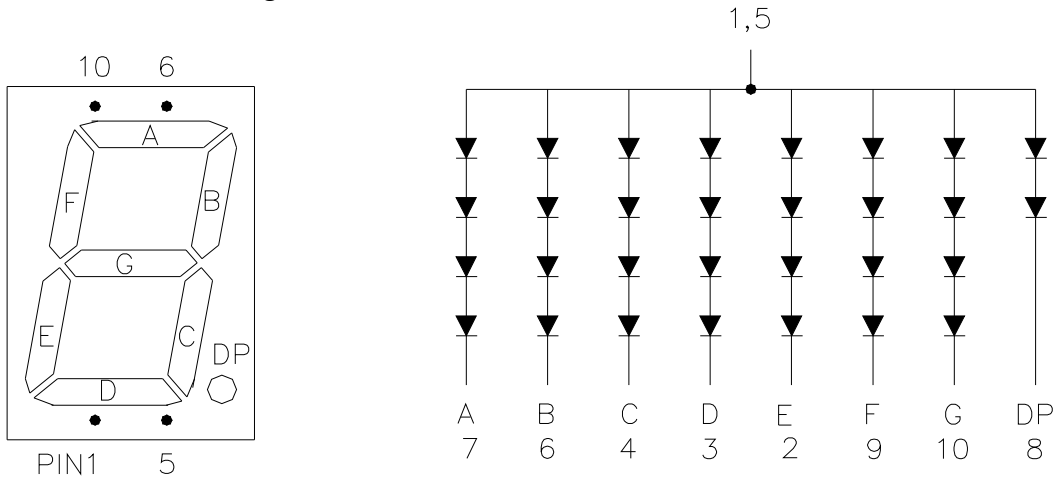
NOTE:

- 1 All pins are $\phi 0.6(.02)$.
- 2 Dimension in millimeter (inch), and tolerance is $\pm 0.25 (.01)$ unless otherwise noted.



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Internal Circuit Diagrams -



CSS-2318 Common Anode
(CSS-2319 Common Cathode.)

Absolute Maximum Rating -

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation Per Dice	Pd	70	mW
Continuous Forward Current Per Dice	IAF	25	mA
Peak Current Per Dice(Duty cycle 1/10,1KHz)	IPF	90	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dice	-	0.33	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Dice	VR	5	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-35 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-35 ~ +85	°C
Solder temperature 1/16 inch below seating plane for 3 seconds at 260 °C			



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■ Electro-optical Characteristics -

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Forward Voltage Per Segment (DP)	VF	-	8.4(4.2)	11.2(5.6)	V	IF=20mA
Luminous Intensity Per Segment	Iv	-	25	-	mcd	IF=10mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λP	-	568	-	nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd	-	572	-	nm	IF=20mA
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	$\Delta \lambda$	-	30	-	nm	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	-	-	100	μA	VR=5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	IV-m	-	-	2:1	-	IF=10mA



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Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves -

(Ta = 25°C Unless Otherwise Noted)

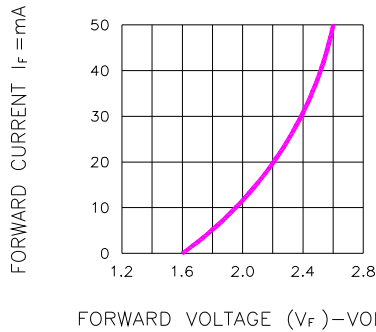


Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

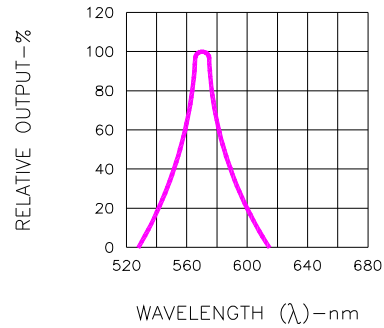


Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

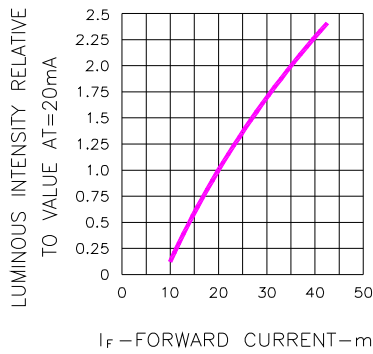


Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

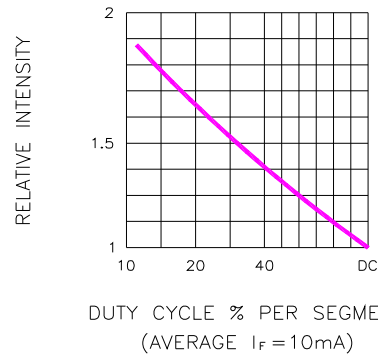


Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE

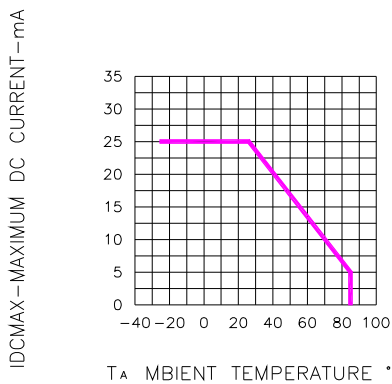


Fig.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT VS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

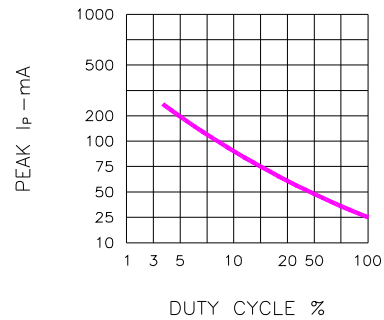


Fig.6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE f=1 KHz)